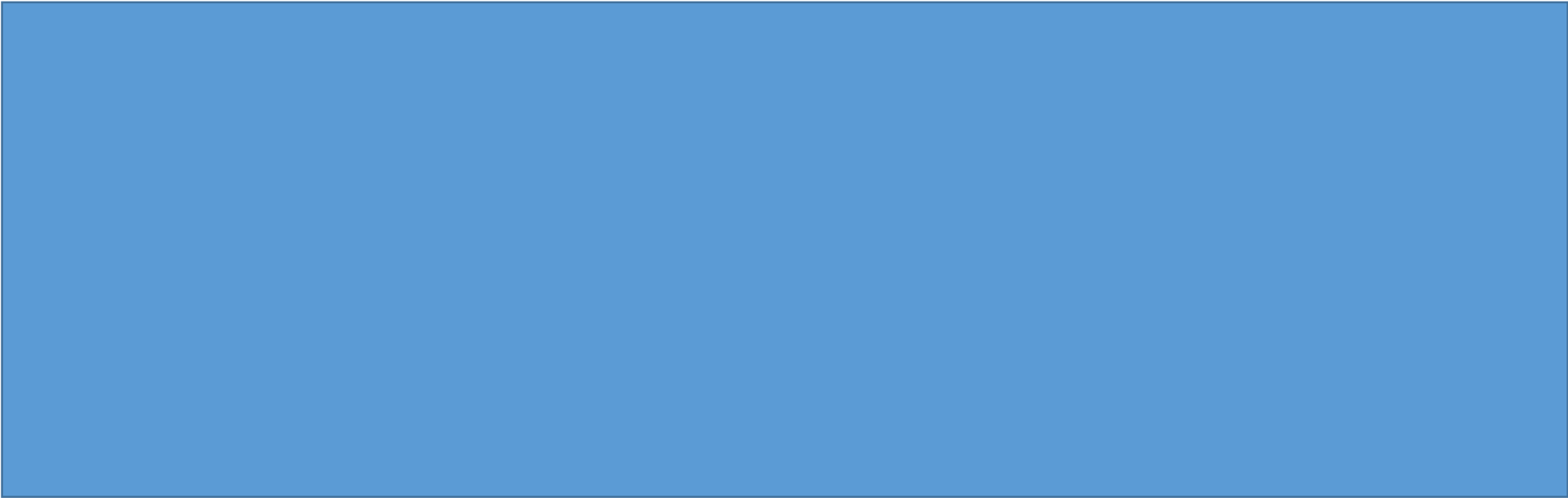


National Action Plan for the implementation of UNSCR 1325
Women, Peace and Security
and the Joint Declaration



The first pillar: participation

promoting women participation in leadership and decision-making which enforces maintaining security and peace building.

Objectives:

First/ the active participation of women in achieving and sustaining peace.

Second/ integrating women in relief efforts and reconstruction stages on both the national and local levels.

Third/ increasing the percentage of women in executive committees (Kurdistan Region).

Indicators and outcomes:

First/ increasing the percentage of women in security sectors and the Higher Committee for Coexistence and Social Peace.

Second/ increasing the percentage of women working in humanitarian relief and reconstruction programs.

Third/ women possess effective skills and abilities in negotiations and peace building.

Participation/ the first objective: the active participation of women in achieving and sustaining peace.

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Following up	Activities in Kurdistan Region
<p>1. Women possess effective skills and abilities in negotiations and peace building.</p> <p>Indicator: rise in knowledge and skills of women enrolled in the capability-building program for conflict resolution and negotiation.</p>	<p>1. Building the capacity of women in government sectors and political parties on leadership, negotiation skills, conflict resolution and crisis management.</p>	<p>Key Actors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers. - Ministry of Higher Education - National Security Advisory. - Ministry of Planning. <p>Supporting entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UN agencies 	2021-2023	<p>1. A number of capacity building activities for women leaders, divided and distributed according to geographical regions.</p> <p>2. A special program at the Leadership Development Institute that aims to train women leaders in negotiation and crisis management skills.</p>	WED	<p>1. Building the capacities of women in government and party sectors on leadership, negotiation skills, conflict resolution and crisis management.</p>
	<p>2. Promote the effective participation of women in peacekeeping and peace-building committees in Parliament and the Executive Authority and in the governorates to ensure the implementation of agreements and treaties ratified by Iraq.</p>	<p>Key Actors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Council of Representatives. - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers. - Governorates. <p>Supporting entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UN agencies 	2021-2024	<p>1. The participation of a number of women in the Peace Committees.</p> <p>2. An annual evaluation issued by the General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers to follow up the progress made.</p>	WED	<p>2. Working to achieve the participation of women at a rate of no less than 30% in the human and women's rights committees, Peshmerga and in parliament, the executive authority, the provincial councils, and all the formed committees.</p>
	<p>3. Security sector reform.</p>	<p>Key Actors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - National Security Advisory. 	2021-2024			None
<p>2. A political and social environment that supports the participation of women in building and sustaining peace.</p> <p>Indicator: a number of governmental and non-governmental bodies supporting the participation of women in achieving peace.</p>	<p>1. Preparing community cadres of women leaders to participate in negotiation, conflict resolution and peace building in coordination with civil society and broader participation of minorities.</p>	<p>Key Actors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers. - Ministry of Higher Education - National Security Advisory. <p>Supporting entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UN agencies. - Civil society organizations. 	2021-2022	<p>1. A number of training workshops to rehabilitate community leaders.</p> <p>2. An increase in the level of knowledge and skills of trainees in civil society on negotiation, conflict resolution and peace building skills.</p>	WED	<p>1. Preparing community cadres of women leaders in order to participate in the negotiation of ending the conflict, preserving and building peace, in effective coordination with civil society and with the wider participation of minority women.</p>
	<p>2. Preparation of training curricula on women's participation in negotiation and conflict management.</p>	<p>Key Actors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ministry of Higher Education. <p>Supporting entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Women's Empowerment Department. - UN agencies. 	The first half of 2021	<p>A number of accredited and special training manuals for training women in negotiation and conflict resolution processes.</p>	WED	<p>Preparing awareness campaigns on the importance of the role of women in achieving and maintaining peace, with relevant authorities.</p>

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	3. Involving women in implementing the strategy for combating extremism and related security strategies.	Key Actors: - Security Ministries (Defense, Interior) - National Security Advisory. - National Security Service Supporting entities: - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers - UN agencies	2021-2023	1. A number of capacity building activities for women leaders, divided and distributed according to geographical regions. 2. A special program at the Leadership Development Institute that aims to train women leaders in negotiation and crisis management skills.	1. Building the capacities of women in government and party sectors on leadership, negotiation skills, conflict resolution and crisis management.	- Ministry of Interior - Ministry of Peshmerga - Ministry of Culture - Ministry of Endowment & religious affairs - Security agencies - The Parliament
//	4. Preparing awareness campaigns on the importance of the role of women in achieving and maintaining peace, including the consultations of tribal, religious and community leaders, trade unions and professional unions on the participation of women in negotiation and crisis management.	Key Actors: - Ministry of Culture - offices of endowments - Iraqi media network - Unions and federations Supporting entities: - UN agencies - Civil society organizations.	2021-2024	1. The participation of a number of women in the Peace Committees. 2. An annual evaluation issued by the General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers to follow up the progress made.	2. Working to achieve the participation of women at a rate of no less than 30% in the human and women's rights committees, Peshmerga and in parliament, the executive authority, the provincial councils, and all the formed committees.	- Security agencies - The Parliament
			2021-2024		None	None
3. Women are represented and influential in leadership positions within the security sectors and justice systems Indicator: An increase in the number of women in leadership positions in the security sectors and justice systems.	1. Conducting gender surveys in all security sectors and workers in the field of investigation and the justice system to determine the number and roles of women working in them.	Key Actors: - Security Ministries (Defense, Interior) - National Security Advisory. - Supreme Judicial Council. - National Security Service Supporting entities: - Ministry of Planning. - WED - UN agencies	2021-2022	1. A number of training workshops to rehabilitate community leaders. 2. An increase in the level of knowledge and skills of trainees in civil society on negotiation, conflict resolution and peace building skills.	1. Preparing community cadres of women leaders in order to participate in the negotiation of ending the conflict, preserving and building peace, in effective coordination with civil society and with the wider participation of minority women.	
	2. Programs to change the stereotype of working women and encourage women's participation in them.					

	3. Increasing the number of women in community policing in the Ministry of Interior and training them in negotiation and conflict resolution skills.		The first half of 2021	A number of accredited and special training manuals for training women in negotiation and conflict resolution processes.	Preparing awareness campaigns on the importance of the role of women in achieving and maintaining peace, with relevant authorities.	
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Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	4. Issuing regulations guaranteeing the participation of women in decision-making positions in all security sectors.	Key Actors: - Security Ministries (Defense, Interior) - National Security Advisory. - National Security Service Supporting entities: - UN agencies	2021	A number of decisions and regulations ordering the participation of women in decision-making positions in the security sectors.	None	None
//	5. Providing counseling and education in the field of women, security and peace to strategic military leaders.	Key Actors: - Security Ministries (Defense, Interior) - National Security Advisory. - National Security Service Supporting entities: - UN agencies - Military and diplomatic missions - Civil society organizations	2021-2024	A number of sessions, dialogues and recommendations submitted to leaders in the field of education, women, peace and security and conflict.	None	None
//	6. Supporting training in military colleges, Staff College and gender operations as well as the role of women during conflicts and in peace building.	Key Actors: MoD, military colleges and institutes. Supporting entities: - UN agencies - diplomatic missions	2021-2024	1. A number of training programs and their locations 2. Increasing awareness of the importance of gender sensitivity in military operations and the importance of the role of women in security and peace.	None	None

//	7. Development material on gender and the role of women in security and peace. Finding teachers and trainers that educate about those subjects.	Key Actors: MoD, military collages and institutes. Supporting entities: - UN agencies - diplomatic missions	2021-2024	1. A number of training manuals on gender and the role of women in security and peace. 2. A number of qualified trainers in military colleges and security institutes.	None	None
	8. Improving the work environment in all security sectors to be gender-sensitive.	Key Actors: -MoD, military collages and institutes. - NSS Supporting entities: - UN agencies - diplomatic missions	2021-2023	1. A number of gender-sensitive regulations and procedures in the security sectors. 2. Survey reports on the satisfaction of female members of the security sectors on the procedures and regulations issued	None	- Ministry of Interior - Ministry of Peshmerga - Regional Security Council

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	9. Inclusion of female investigators, public prosecutors, and female judges in the judiciary system.	Key Actors: - Supreme Judicial Council - Judicial Institute - MoJ Supporting entities: - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers.	2021-2024	1. an increase in the number of female investigators in the Supreme Judicial Council and the Ministry of Interior 2. An increase in the number of female judges and public prosecutors. 3. An increase in the rates of admissions to the Judicial Institute.	5. Increase the proportion of female investigators, prosecutors, and judges within the judiciary, and develop their capacities.	- MoI - MoJ - Supreme Judicial Council in Kurdistan Region
4. Discussions with human rights organizations and organizations concerned with women's issues, to participate in anti-terrorism initiatives. Indicator: Anti-terrorism policies that are involved and supported by civil organizations concerned with human and women's rights (*) Joint declaration	1. The participation of women activists in designing and promoting strategies to counter violent extremism in their societies.	Key Actors: - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers - Security ministries -NSA - Civil society Supporting entities: - Un agencies - International organizations	2021-2023	A collection of documents related to counter-terrorism policy, with participation and support of organizations concerned with human rights and women's issues.		

5. Increasing women's representation in a more equal manner in the transitional justice system Indicator: Women actively participate in the transitional justice system (* Joint declaration)	1. Justice services (formal, including women investigators, prosecutors, and judges to work within the justice and delivery systems and informality).	Key Actors: - Supreme Judicial Council - MoD Supporting entities: - Un agencies - International organizations	2022	- Number of training courses completed for female investigators and judges. - Number of participants in training courses.		
	2. Establish human resource policies in the Supreme Judicial Council (the justice system) takes into account the gender concept to ensure the presence of a proportion of women in the functions of the prosecution and judges and to ensure their advancement in professional positions and their promotion.	Key Actors: - Supreme Judicial Council Supporting entities: - Un agencies - International organizations	2022-2024	- Approved policies to support the gender perspective - Reports on the increase in the number of women in the fields of public prosecution, judiciary and investigation and the development of a career reality in terms of positions and promotions		

Participation pillar/ Second objective: Integrating women in relief efforts and reconstruction stages on both the national and local levels.

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
<p>1- Institutions working in the field of relief and reconstruction encourage and ensure the joining of women. Indicator: Number of institutions that adopt a policy of women's participation in reconstruction</p>	<p>1. Preparing a map of the governmental and private sector reconstruction agencies and building a partnership with them to ensure the representation of women in the reconstruction process</p>	<p>Key Actors: - Reconstruction and Development Fund - The reconstruction and stability team in the General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - donor countries - private sector</p>	<p>First half of 2021</p>	<p>1. Approval of the institutions map 2. A number of reconstruction and relief institutions that have adopted the participation of women in reconstruction</p>	<p>1. Preparing a map of the government, private sector and civil society authorities and building a partnership with them to ensure participation in the reconstruction process.</p>	<p>- MoP - General Directorate of Migration - Crisis management</p>
	<p>2. Evaluating the role of women in relief and reconstruction services</p>	<p>Key Actors: - MoP - MoMD - Reconstruction and Development Fund Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations - donor countries</p>	<p>2021</p>	<p>1. Approval of the evaluation of the role of women in reconstruction and relief institutions. 2. An increase in the number of women in relief and reconstruction programs based on evaluation.</p>	<p>2. Evaluating the role of women in relief and reconstruction institutions.</p>	<p>- General Directorate of Migration - Crisis management</p>
<p>2. Women are willing to work in the field of relief and reconstruction Indicator: An increase in the number of women working in humanitarian relief and reconstruction programs.</p>	<p>Organizing professional training courses for women to qualify them to join the relief and reconstruction projects</p>	<p>Key Actors: - MoMD - MoCH - Reconstruction and Development Fund Supporting entities: - MoF - Un agencies - Relief organizations - civil society organizations</p>	<p>Second half of 2021-2024</p>	<p>1. A number of training courses completed to qualify women to work in reconstruction and relief projects. 2. A number of women trained to work in reconstruction and relief projects.</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>None</p>
<p>3. Women have specific projects in reconstruction programs. Indicator: a number of projects designated for women, reconstruction programs.</p>	<p>1. Establishing operating mechanisms and finding opportunities for women in humanitarian relief and reconstruction programs in cooperation with the relevant authorities</p>	<p>Key Actors: - MoLSA - Reconstruction and Development Fund - MoCH Supporting entities: - MoF - MoP - UN agencies - international organizations</p>	<p>2021-2024</p>	<p>1. A number of implemented and facilitated partnerships for joining women in reconstruction. 2. A number of agencies working in humanitarian relief and reconstruction that have allocated job opportunities for women</p>	<p>1. Setting up operating mechanisms, and creating job opportunities for women in humanitarian relief and reconstruction programs and projects, especially survivors of conflict, in cooperation with the relevant authorities.</p>	<p>- MoLSA - General Directorate of Migration - Crisis management - Committee of Investment - MoC</p>

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
	2. Include projects and support programs for women in the reconstruction plan.	Key Actors: - MoP - Iraqi Central Bank - national Investment Committee - Reconstruction and Development Fund - MoCH Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - International organizations - Private sector	2021-2024	A number of projects and job opportunities for women within the reconstruction plan and projects.	2. The inclusion of projects and programs for women in the reconstruction plan.	- MoCH - Committee of Investment - MoC
4. Involving clan leaders, clerics and civil society to prevent crimes of sexual violence and facilitate the return/reintegration of survivors Indicator: Reintegration of survivors and their children, with the support of clan leaders and clerics from different sects (*) (joint declaration)	1. Issuing and disseminating tribal and religious directives on the reintegration of women and girls and their children who have been subjected to rape and sexual violence of all sects, and calling for the end of retaliatory violence.	Key Actors: - Nineveh, Saladin, Diyala and Kirkuk. - supporting entities: - National society organizations - UN agencies	2021-2024	- A number of meetings with heads of clans and religious leaders from different sects and civil society that produce statements and directives - Organizing a number of conferences for religious men on the prevention and prohibition of sexual violence and prohibition of retaliatory violence		
	2. Assess the needs and conditions of families, women, and children of Christians, Sabean-Mandaeans, Shabaks and Yazidis.	Key Actors: - Local governments - MoH - MoP - endowments council Supporting entities: - Heads of religious sects - UN agencies	2021-2024	Issuing reports on the conditions and needs of minorities, especially the problems faced by children and women.		

	<p>3. Create an interfaith platform to jointly advocate on the prohibition of sexual violence and to advocate tolerance.</p>	<p>Key Actors: (Baghdad, Nineveh, Diyala, Anbar, Kirkuk) - Committee of Coexistence and Social Peace - NSA - endowments council Supporting entities: - UN agencies - International organizations</p>	<p>2021-2022</p>	<p>Creating a platform to call for a ban on violence and a return to tolerance.</p>		
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The second pillar: Protection

Protecting women and girls affected by conflict from all forms of gender-based violence and ensuring that perpetrators don't go unpunished

Objectives:

First/ Ensuring the protection of women and girls, especially in the camps, sites of displacement, and areas of return.

Second/ Achieving accountability and justice.

Third/Protection of women and girls affected by conflict from sexual violence as one of the tools of war and their reintegration into society.

Indicators and outcomes:

First/ official bodies that adopt appropriate mechanisms and procedures to protect women in conflict situations and are responsive to reporting cases.

Second/ n increase in women and girls 'use of mechanisms and channels for reporting gender-based violence.

Third/ An increase in the percentage of cases responded to from the reported cases.

Fourth/An increase in women and girls' awareness of the protection mechanisms available in conflict settings.

Fifth/ societal awareness of the importance of protecting women and girls during and after conflicts.

Protection pillar/ first objective: Ensuring the protection of women and girls, especially in the camps, sites of displacement, and areas of return.

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
<p>1. Clear and effective formal mechanisms and procedures for the protection of women and girls Indicator: A number of official bodies that adopt mechanisms for conflict conditions and appropriate protection procedures for women in conflict.</p>	<p>1. Conducting an analysis on the status of women during and after conflict and publishing its recommendations.</p>	<p>Key Actors: -MoMD - MoHE - NSS Supporting entities: - security ministries - Governorates - International organizations</p>	<p>First half of 2021</p>	<p>Analytical report on the status of women during and after conflict.</p>	<p>1. Collect all Studies, research, and data during and after the conflict, and a unified document for the outputs is issued, in light of which recommendations are published.</p>	<p>- General Directorate of Migration - crisis management - MoHE</p>
	<p>2. Providing health, legal, psychological, social and other services to cover the needs of women.</p>	<p>Key Actors: - MoH - MoLSA - Governorates Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies and international organizations</p>	<p>2021-2024</p>	<p>1. Indicators of the high level of health, psychological and social services provided to women. 2. Developing, rehabilitating and establishing a number of centers providing health, psychological and other services.</p>	<p>2. roviding health, legal, psychological and social services and all other services to cover the needs of all women, especially those who survived from the hands of ISIS.</p>	<p>- MoH - MoLSA</p>
<p>2. Enabling women and girls to use and benefit from protection mechanisms, especially reporting Indicator: women and girls in conflict situations are more aware of mechanisms of protection</p>	<p>1. Surveying and evaluating channels for reporting violence and making recommendations regarding their development, and creating appropriate procedures for receiving and investigating complaints.</p>	<p>Key Actors: - Mol - HJC - International organizations</p>	<p>First half of 2021</p>	<p>1. Report on channels for reporting violence and making recommendations on their development. 2. Adopting recommendations on developing procedures for receiving complaints about violence against women and investigating them.</p>	<p>1. Surveying and evaluating the most important channels for reporting violence and making recommendations on their development.</p>	<p>- Mol</p>

//	2. Developing security reporting mechanisms commensurate with the circumstances of the conflict and establishing effective procedures for receiving and investigating complaints.	Key Actors: - MoI - HJC Supporting entities - UN agencies - International organizations	2021	1. A number of official bodies adopt new reporting and investigation mechanisms. 2. Women's satisfaction with the procedures adopted to receive and investigate complaints.	2. Developing safe reporting mechanisms commensurate with the conflict conditions and linking them to effective procedures for receiving and investigating complaints 3. Community awareness of hotlines to encourage women to use them to report violence.	Mol
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Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	3. Holding consultative meetings with the relevant organizations and ministries to issue instructions in order to rely on women as workers in the field of aid distribution to reduce exploitation and abuse.	Key Actors: - MoMD - HJC Supporting entities: - UN agencies and international organizations - Organizations working in international and local aid	2021-2022	1. Issuing instructions regarding the inclusion of women in aid distribution.	4. Consultative meetings with relevant organizations and ministries to issue instructions and controls to prevent exploitation in general and sexual exploitation in particular.	- General Directorate of Migration - crisis management
//	4. Training of workers in camp management and relief, including security forces, on international human rights standards and international humanitarian and social law.	Key Actors: - MoMD Supporting entities: - UN agencies and international organizations - Organizations working in international and local aid	2021	1. A number of women participating in the distribution of aid Training 2. A number of cadres working in the field of relief and camp management.	5. Training of workers in camp management and relief, including the security forces, on international human rights standards, international humanitarian law, women's rights and gender.	- MoI - High Council for Women Affairs - crisis management

//	5. Producing and disseminating data on gender-based violence.	Key Actors: - MoI - HJC - Human Rights Commission Supporting entities: - UN agencies and international organizations	2021-2024	Annual reports on women who arrived By submitting reports using advanced reporting mechanisms that include cases and their locations, and assessing the beneficiaries' satisfaction with the reporting service	None	//
//	6. Activating governmental institutions to provide protection for women.	Key Actors: - Governorates - WED Supporting entities: - UN agencies and international organizations	2021	1. The existence of a work committee in each governorate with the membership of representatives of the relevant authorities 2. The existence of procedures and mechanisms for cooperation and coordination regarding the protection of women.	6. Development of coordination mechanisms between the General Directorate for Reducing Violence Against Women in each governorate with the relevant actors for protecting women.	- MoI - High Council for Women Affairs

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	7. Signing memoranda of understanding and joint cooperation mechanisms with research centers and universities to study the situation of women after conflict.	Key Actors: - WED - MoHE - MoE and research centers Supporting entities: - UN Women	2021-2022	1. A number of signed memoranda of cooperation 2. A number of studies on the status of women after conflict.	7. Signing memoranda of understanding and joint cooperation mechanisms with research centers and universities to study the situation of women after conflict.	- High Council of Women Affairs - MoHE

//	8. Holding workshops for women in the camps to train them on the protection mechanisms available in circumstances of conflict.	Key Actors: -MoMD Supporting entities: - UN agencies and international organizations	2021-2022	1. A number of workshops for women in the camps. 2. Increasing women's awareness of protection and reporting mechanisms.	8. Rehabilitation of male and female recruits (children and adults) by ISIS and other extremist groups.	- MoLSA - MoI - High Council of Women Affairs
3. Access of women, girls and their children to civil documents. Indicator: Legal procedures are effective and easy to obtain civil documents for women, girls and children in conflict situations.	1. Legal and legislative handling of the problem registering children of unknown fathers so that the subject of religion is taken into account in the event that the mother is not Muslim. Granting Iraqi women the right to give her lineage to her child in accordance with the Iraqi nationality law, and solving the problem of children of unknown fathers.	Key Actors: - MoI - NSA - MoH - NSS Supporting entities: - The Committee of Discussion and Social Peace	2021	meeting with relevant authorities and issuing easy instructions to solve the problem of granting nationality to children from Iraqi mothers and issuing special regulations and instructions.	None	//
//	2. Working to provide legal aid services to obtain civil documents in an easy manner.	Key Actors: - MoI - NSA - NSS - The Committee of Discussion and Social Peace Supporting entities: - MoLSA - MoH - MoF	2021	1. An increase in the number of beneficiaries from facilitating the granting of civil documents for women and children in conflict conditions. 2. The degree families satisfaction who have experience in obtaining civil documents for their children 3. Statistical reports issued annually.	None	//

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	3. Addressing the legal status of children born to mothers who survived ISIS terrorist crimes or children from ISIS families, including the rehabilitation of children who are victims of recruitment.	Key Actors: - MoI - NSA - MoH - NSS Supporting entities: - international organizations - UN agencies	2021-2023	Reports of an increase in the number of children whose cases were resolved and rehabilitated.	None	//
//	4. Opening a number of branches to obtain civil documents for children, orphans and displaced persons headed by the Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs in the governorates that were subjected to ISIS control.	Key Actors: - MoLSA - Local governments in governorates that were under ISIS control.	2021	A number of branches of the committee operating in the governorates that have come under the control of ISIS.	None	//
//	5. Organizations providing legal aid to obtain civil documentation for women and children, advocacy and education campaigns to support the facilitation of the document granting process.	Key Actors: - civil society organizations Supporting entities: Local governments	2021	1. A number of advocacy and education campaigns carried out by civil society organizations that provide legal aid. Women and children obtaining civil documents 2. A number of consultations held by civil organizations in support of women and children obtaining documents with concerned government agencies	None	//
4. Improving the response to gender-based violence in different sectors. Indicator: Women and girls' access to appropriate services in conflict and post-conflict situations that are responsive to their needs and conditions of life	1. Conduct an assessment of the response to gender-based violence.	Key Actors: - MoP - MoJ - HJC - MoI Supporting entities: - UN agencies and international organizations	Annual report	Issuing an annual report to assess the response for gender-based violence.	1. Conducting a survey to respond to gender-based violence.	- MoP - MoJ - Statistics authority

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	2. Building the capacity of workers in the judicial sector (investigators, police, health, and civil actors) non-governmental organizations to respond to gender-based violence and measures needed to protect women during and after conflict, including managing cases of violence and referrals.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoH - HJC - civil society organizations Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations	2021-the first half of 2022	1. A number of training workshops for cadres working in the field of investigation and health and a number of training workshops for activists working in the community 2. An increase in the percentage of trainees to respond to gender-based violence and the approved legal procedures.	2. Building the capacity of cadres in the judiciary, health, police and non-state actors to respond to gender-based violence, measures necessary to protect women during and after conflict, including managing cases of violence and referrals.	- MoJ - MoH - MoLSA - MoI
//	3. Community awareness of hotlines to encourage women to use them.	Key Actors: - Iraqi Media Network - MoI - HJC Civil society organizations Supporting entities: - Media and Communications Agency	2021-2024	1. Providing and announcing hotline numbers. 2. report on the number of women benefiting from the hotline service at the civil society level and measuring the satisfaction of the beneficiaries of the service	None.	//
//	4. Providing health care services for survivors of violence, including rape, and safe and legal abortions.	Key Actors: - MoH Supporting entities: - MoLSA - Governorates	The first half of 2021-2024	1. A number of health centers. 2. Measuring the extent of the beneficiaries' satisfaction of health care services with the survivors of violence, according to periodic reports issued by the Ministry of Health, showing the number of survivors of violence benefiting from health care services.	3. Providing health care services to all survivors of violence, including rape	- MoH

//	5. Development of mental health services and their integration in primary health care centers to ensure women's access to them in conflict situations.	Key Actors: - MoH Supporting entities: - Governorates - MoF	The first half of 2021-2024	Number of centers and units for providing mental and social health services in each governorate	4. Developing mental health services and integrating them into primary health care centers to ensure that women can access them in situations of conflict	- MoH
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Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
					5. Forming a coordination committee to consider and assist difficult cases of survivors.	- MoI - MoLSA
	6. Establishing safe spaces for women in the local communities.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoMD Supporting entities: - Governorates	The second half of 2021-2023	number of safe spaces in the local community and number of women visiting	6. Developing and expanding existing shelters for victims of violence and sexual violence for themselves and their children	- MoI - MoLSA

	7. Establishing shelters for victims of violence and their children, and developing the efficiency of shelters based on the level of structure and cadres. Conducting annual assessments to make sure they follow universal standards.	Key Actors: - MoLSA - Governorates Supporting entities: - UN agencies - National organizations - MoF	The second half of 2021-2023	1. An increase in the number of shelters 2. Development of existing shelters and improving their services according to international standards 3. A number of training workshops for shelter cadres	7. Developing the existing capacity at the level of structure and cadres, while conducting the necessary annual evaluations to ensure their commitment to international standards.	- MoI - MoLSA
	8. holding meetings with heads of tribes about providing none informal protection.	Key Actors: - Governorates (WEDs) Supporting entities: - active civil society agencies	2021-2024	1. Number of consultative meetings with local leaders On informal protection 2. Dialogues assessment reports. Bi-annual meetings describing the progress made and challenges	None	//

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
5. Legislation related to combating terrorism by criminalizing rape, sexual slavery and other serious inhuman crimes committed in the context of terrorist acts as terrorist crimes (*) Joint Declaration	1. To propose the enactment of a law related to crimes of slavery, sexual violence, and serious human rights violations that occur in the context of terrorist acts and during conflicts.	Key Actors: - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers (legal department) - council of representatives Supporting entities: - UN agencies - International organizations	2021-2024	- The proposed law for terrorist crimes against humanity.		

	2. to strengthen the application of safeguards against inappropriate investigation practices for detained women.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoJ - HJC Supporting entities: - international organizations	2022	- Issuing rules, regulations and decisions related to dealing with women during investigation for terrorist crimes.		
	3. Establish rules for information exchange and referral between security agencies to combat terrorism and between courts.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD - NSS - CTS - HJC Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations	2021-2023	- issuing rules for information exchange and organizing referral procedures to ensure a fair trial.		
6. All survivors of sexual violence have access to long-term psychological, social and health support Indicator: Provide psychological, social and health support services to survivors on an ongoing basis in the long term (*) joint declaration	1. Establishing a national list of psychologists trained in the skills of dealing with survivors according to their age and ensuring that at least 50% of them are professional women	Key Actors: - MoH Supporting entities: - UN agencies - UN Population Fund - Migrants Commission	2021-2022	- Survey of psychologists and sociologists disaggregated by gender and regions and training them in skills to deal with survivors, provided that 50% of them are professional women.		

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
	2. Clinical management training for handling rape cases, including clinical protocols.	Key Actors: - MoH Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations - WHO - UNICEF	2021-2023	- Number of health workers trained in clinical management to deal with rape cases.		
	3. Operating fixed and mobile psychiatric and social medicine clinics	Key Actors: - MoH - MoLSA Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations - UNICEF	2021-2022	- number of health clinics developed, including medical consultations and psychosocial treatment for survivors - number of clinics and mobile psychosocial teams		
7. Completion of legislation that provides shelter to at-risk groups, including survivors of sexual violence Indicator: A number of legal legislations, frameworks, and regulation to secure shelter for vulnerable groups (*) Joint declaration.	1. Increase the number of safe shelters and those concerned with survivors and monitor them to ensure that the agreed international standards are maintained.	Key Actors: - Governorates - MoMD Supporting entities: - local organizations - UN agencies	2021-2023	- A number of shelters registered with the government - Approval of standard operating procedures regarding the management of safe shelters, in accordance with the relevant standards		

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
1. Developing legal and institutional frameworks for accountability and justice. Indicator: Legislation and procedures in place to ensure justice for victims and punishment of perpetrators (achieve justice).	1. Preparing a survey of national legal frameworks to identify the legislative gaps that require legislative amendments to ensure greater protection for women during and after conflicts.	Key Actors: - legal department and WED - HJC Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations - civil society organizations	2021	1. Forming legal teams to review approved legal frameworks and diagnose legislative gaps. 2. A report on legislative gaps and recommendations on the required legal reviews.	None	//
//	2. Providing technical support with the help of experts for the effective implementation of international standards, including training on sexual violence, and cooperation with courts for the Investigation of International Crimes, in order to investigate violations committed against women in conflict areas	Key Actors: - HJC - MoI Supporting entities: - Human Rights Commission - UN agencies - international organizations - civil society organizations	The second half of 2021-the first half of 2022	1. Number of consultative meetings and their results regarding the development of justice systems 2. Number of training workshops carried out for investigative staff and law enforcement authorities.	None	//
//	3. Amending the penalty law in order to criminalize dangerous sexual violence committed by armed groups in accordance with Security Council Resolution No. 2379/2017.	Key Actors: - MoI - Council of Ministers - Council of Representatives Supporting entities: - UN agencies and international organizations	2022	1. Preparing a proposal for law to criminalize serious violations, especially conflict-related sexual violence, by the government. 2. Enactment of law by Parliament.	1. Amending the penalty law in order to criminalize dangerous sexual violence committed by armed groups in accordance with Security Council Resolution No. 2379/2017.	- Parliament - MoJ -HJC - Council of Representatives

//	4. Amendment of military and security laws and regulations to ensure effective prosecution of gender-based violence crimes committed by the military and security forces in accordance with international standards.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD - NSA - NSS Supporting entities: - international organizations - civil society organizations	The second half of 2021-2024	1. Systems and procedures adopted in the military and security institutions that guarantee the prosecution of perpetrators of crimes of sexual violence from among their forces. 2. Number of trials for the officers accused of committing violations.	2. Amending military laws to ensure effective prosecution of sexual violence crimes committed by military forces in accordance with international standards.	- Parliament - MoI - Ministry of Peshmerga - MoJ - HJC
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Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	5. Adopting rules of conduct for law enforcement men, organizing dealings based on respect for women's rights and preventing sexual harassment, and training law enforcement personnel on special standards and accountability for violators.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoJ - HJC - NSS Supporting entities: - UN agencies - civil society organizations	The first half of 2021 for preparing the draft and evaluating efforts until the end of 2024	1. Preparing a code of conduct for law enforcement officials based on observing the rights and dignity of women during law enforcement operations (arrest, investigation, detention and arrest), and during their testimony. 2. number of trainings to prepare qualified cadres to train law enforcement officials on the rules of conduct	3. Amending and enforcing the Iraqi High Criminal Court Law No. 10 of the year 2009, taking into account the region's specificity and focusing on criminalizing sexual violence during armed conflicts.	- The Parliament - MoJ - HJC
2. Strengthening the capacities of judicial and investigative bodies with specific skills and knowledge to address sexual violence. Indicator: Women are more equitably represented in the justice system (*) Joint declaration	1. Establish rules (protocol) for interrogation, especially in the investigation of conflict-related sexual violence crimes of victims, witnesses, and suspects.	Key Actors: - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers - MoI - HJC Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations	2021-2024	- Issuing rules for interrogation and investigation of crimes of sexual violence related to conflict.	4. Adding penalties for sexual violence in the Anti-Terrorism Law.	- Council of Representatives - MoJ - HJC
					5. Involving survivors of violence in trials of terror suspects.	- MoJ - HJC

					6. Excluding perpetrators of sexual assault and kidnapping of women from any special or general amnesty.	- Mol - Moj
	2. Increase the number of female judges and female investigators in the judiciary.	Key Actors: - HJC		- Increasing the percentage of female investigators and judges in the Higher Judicial Council.	7. Building the capacities of the judiciary and police agencies on the international protocol for investigating sexual crimes.	

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
Reviewing national legislation on accountability for sexual violence, analyzing gaps and developing a reform plan based on information. Indicator: Gap analysis in national legislation that facilitates investigation and prosecution of cases of sexual violence. The total number of laws revised versus the total number of problematic laws. (*) Joint announcement	1. Forming a working group (committee) To review the laws and legislations in force, and to follow up on issuing or amending relevant legislation	Key Actors: - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers (legal department) - HJC - MoHE Supporting entities: - civil society organizations - Bar association - UN agencies - international organizations	2021	- Decision to form a committee or team - To issue a report diagnosing deficiencies in laws and how to address them to facilitate prosecution of perpetrators of sexual violence, especially during conflict		
	2. Enacting specific provisions to amend their inclusion within the criminal laws, the civil status law and other relevant laws to facilitate the investigation and criminalization of sexual violence.	Key Actors: - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers (legal department) - Council of representatives Supporting entities: - UN agencies	2021-2024			

		- international organizations				
	<p>3. Enacting laws on serious international crimes, including crimes of sexual violence, in accordance with Security Council Resolution No. 2379 for 2017</p> <p>- Activating the Human Trafficking Act, and amending procedural rules and evidentiary rules to facilitate the recording of statements and crimes recording by survivors of terrorism.</p>	<p>Key Actors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers (legal department) - Council of representatives <p>Supporting entities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UN agencies - international organizations 	2021-2024	- Proposals of laws prepared or enacted		

Protection pillar / third objective: Protection of women and girls affected by conflict from sexual violence as one of the tools of war and their reintegration into society.

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
1. The reintegration of survivors of sexual violence and children born as a result of it into their communities. Indicator: An increase in the number of survivors of sexual violence and children in conflict benefiting from adequate and responsive services	1. Preparing an assessment of the needs of survivors of sexual violence and their children to ensure the voluntary return to their areas of origin	Key Actors: - MoMD - MoLSA - Governorates - MoJ Supporting entities: - MoF - Human Rights Commission - Civil society organizations - international organizations	2021	A report issued by a specialized team of key and implementation agencies that includes recommendations for the needs of survivors.	1. Preparing an assessment of the needs of survivors of sexual violence of their children to ensure voluntary return to their areas of origin.	- MoLSA - General Directorate of Migration
//	2. Establishing mechanisms to reach survivors of sexual violence for reunification with their families, including consultations with local leaders and clan elders and cooperation with international organizations and diplomatic bodies	Key Actors: - MoMD - Governorates and committees Supporting entities: Civil society organizations - international organizations	2021-2022	The level of survivors' satisfaction with activating mechanisms to reach them (Reports).	Establish mechanisms to reach survivors of sexual violence for reuniting them with their families, including consultation and cooperation with international organizations and diplomatic bodies.	- General Directorate of Migration
//	3. Forming annual groups for consultation with stakeholders to reintegrate survivors of sexual violence and their children and build the capacity of women's groups to lead consultations and negotiate with the concerned authorities.	Key Actors: - Governorates - WEDs in committees Supporting entities: - civil society organizations - international organizations	2021	1. Number of meetings and consultations that annual groups have held in the communities in order to integrate survivors. 2. Number of workshops aimed at building the capacities of women empowerment departments, concerned committees in governorates, and civil society activists to lead consultation and negotiation.		

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	3. Forming annual groups to consult with the concerned authorities to reintegrate survivors of sexual violence and their children and build the capacity of women's groups to lead consultations and negotiate with the concerned authorities.				4. Building the capacities of women, forming their own women's groups. Leadership, consultations and negotiations with the concerned authorities to reintegrate survivors who were captured with their children born as a result of the conflict.	- MoI - local governments
//	4. Awareness campaigns on sexually transmitted diseases for peacekeepers, service providers and women in camps.	Key Actors: - MoH - local governments Supporting entities: - civil society organizations - UN agencies - international organizations	2021	1. Number of educational materials issued by the Ministry of Health on sexually transmitted diseases targeting peacekeepers, service providers and women in camps. 2. Increased knowledge of service providers about sexually transmitted diseases	None	//
//	5. Providing the necessary services for women and girls, including health care, psychological, social and legal support.	Key Actors: - MoH - MoLSA Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations	2021-2024	1. Establishing a number of health centers to provide services for women and girls. 2. Support and develop the existing health centers with equipment, devices and rehabilitation to improve their ability to provide health services to women and girls. 3. Establishing and developing a number of mental and social health centers and providing legal services 4. Increasing the number of women beneficiaries of the services provided in terms of health and psychological wellbeing.	Providing the necessary services for women and girls, including health care, psychological, social and legal support.	- MoJ - MoH - MoLSA

//	6. Opening safe reporting channels for sexual violence, receiving complaints and investigating urgent cases that are subject to judicial jurisdiction.	Key Actors: - MoI - HJC Supporting entities: - local governments	2021-2022	1. Establishing special mechanisms and procedures for safe reporting of sexual violence. 2. Number of judicial decisions regarding crimes of sexual violence, annual report.	Opening safe reporting channels for sexual violence, receiving complaints and investigating urgent cases that are within the jurisdiction of the judiciary	- MoI - MoJ
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The third pillar: Prevention

Promote risk prevention before, during and after conflict and support an environment free from gender-based violence.

Objectives:

First/ Create a safe environment for women and girls and a supportive society based on coexistence and the rejection of violence.

Second/ Including the concept of prevention in conflict conditions within the formal institutional frameworks

Third/ increasing the resilience of women affected by conflict through livelihood opportunities and access to services in their communities.

Indicators and outcomes:

First/ an increase in the percentage of women benefiting from prevention programs and services, whether official, governmental or in the community.

Second/ A number of legislative, executive and procedural amendments that the government has taken regarding the protection of women in conflict situations.

Prevention pillar/ first objectives: Create a safe environment for women and girls and a supportive society based on coexistence and the rejection of violence.

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
Establishing a religious and societal discourse that adopts the principles of tolerance, respect for women's rights, diversity and coexistence. Indicator: religious and community leaderships playing an influential role in spreading a discourse that promotes tolerance and peace.	1. Organizing awareness and operational campaigns to combat extremist ideology with community-based women leaders at the local level, with the participation of other relevant women leaders.	Key Actors: - endowment offices - MoC - NSA - Iraqi Media Network - Mol/tribal affairs Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations - civil society organizations				
//	2. Implementing media campaigns and awareness programs at the national and local levels in order to change the stereotypical values towards women in society.	Key Actors: - Iraqi Media Network - MoC - Communications and Media Committee Supporting entities: - Endowment offices - UN agencies - civil society organizations	2022-2024	Number of courses and workshops targeting teachers on peace and community coexistence.	1. Implementing media campaigns, awareness, and educational programs in order to change the stereotypical values towards women in society.	- MoHE
//	3. Activating the role of national religious leaders in order to reject extremist religious discourse and fight extremist ideology through consultative meetings.	Key Actors: - Endowment offices - Holy shrines Supporting entities: - Iraqi Media Network - international organizations - civil society organizations	2022-2024	1. Preparation and modifying the curriculum. 2. Preparing an academic subject in colleges to be linked to the human rights course for women's rights and peaceful social coexistence.	2. Activating the role of educational personnel in schools and universities in spreading a culture of tolerance and rejecting extremist thought.	- MoHE - MARA - Committee of Coexistence and Social Peace

	Activate the role of religious and community leaders in rejecting some norms that detract from the dignity of women, such as (tribal compensation for damages and preventing women from marriage)	Key Actors: - MoI - endowment offices - holy shrines - Iraqi Media Network - MoC	The second half of 2021-2024	Measuring the change in knowledge, attitudes and behavior of young men and women, boys and girls, on the principles of gender and coexistence.	3. Working with the curriculum directorates to develop educational curricula in line with gender and human rights, and to activate extra-curricular activities to instill concepts of peace and peaceful coexistence. 4. Establishing joint activities between governorates for all sects for the sake of coexistence by activating available forums, including sports and entertainment.	- MoHE - MoC
3. rehabilitation of fighters after end of battles in order to protect the society	1. training programs and rehabilitation	Key Actors: - MoD - MoI - PMF - MoHE - NSA - NSS	2021-2024	1. Preparing those involved in training and rehabilitation programs for soldiers and fighters, including returnees. 2. Measuring changes in the knowledge, attitudes and practices of soldiers due to training and rehabilitation programs.	1. Training and rehabilitation of the security and defense sectors with the principles of human rights and gender.	- MoI - Ministry of Peshmerga

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
		- UN agencies - international organizations				
//	2. Enforcement of the gun possession law, preventing the proliferation of unlicensed weapons, and supporting the government's efforts to withdraw weapons from citizens.	Key Actors: - security ministries - NSS Supporting entities: - civil society organizations - social and religious leaderships	2021-2024	Annual official reports on the amount of weapons that have been confiscated from citizens by enforcing the law.	2. Continuing to support the government's efforts to prevent the proliferation of unauthorized weapons 3. Organizing awareness and educational campaigns to combat extremist ideology with community-based women leaders at the local	- MoI - MoHE - MoI - MARA

					level, with the participation of other relevant leaders.	- Committee of Coexistence and Social Peace
					4. Establishing joint activities between governorates for all components for coexistence by activating available forums, including sports and entertainment.	- MoHE - MoC
4. Inclusion of gender in early warning systems to prevent conflict-related violence in societies Indicator: Increased knowledge and attitudes of cadres about early warning systems towards gender.	1. Preparing training curricula on integrating gender into early warning systems.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD - MoHE - MoH Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations	The second half of 2021-2022	Approved training materials and manuals.	1. Preparing training curricula on integrating gender into early warning systems.	- MoHE - MoI - High Commission for Women's Affairs
//	2. Organizing training workshops to build the capacity of cadres working in the early warning sector on gender to prevent conflict-related violence.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD - MoMD Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations	2021-2024	Number of training workshops and the preparation of trainees on the integration of gender in early warning systems divided by gender and organization	2. Organizing training workshops to build the capacity of cadres working in the early warning sector on gender to prevent conflict-related violence.	- MoE - MoHE - MoI

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	3. Forming a cadre of women leaders trained in early warning systems.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD Supporting entities: UN agencies - international organizations	2022-2024	Measuring the extent of changing the level of knowledge, attitudes, and behavior related to the gender of the participation cadres.	None	//
//	4. The application of early warning systems in a manner that takes into account the gender perspective at the level of local communities in terms of content, leaders, mechanisms and activities.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD Supporting entities: UN agencies - international organizations	2022-2024	Increase the number of women graduates working in early warning systems.	3. Implementing early warning systems in a way that takes into account the gender perspective, especially at the local community level in terms of content, leaders, mechanisms and activities.	- MoI - Ministry of Peshmerga
//	The commitment of institutions to employ women in the early warning system at the level of national qualifications and local communities Raising awareness and education of the dangers of sexual violence and the importance of the joint declaration and preparing trained persons who are able to deal with cases of sexual violence	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD Supporting entities: UN agencies - international organizations	2022-2024	The number of institutions committed to engaging women and the level of participation in preventing violence.	4. The commitment of institutions to employ women in the early warning system at all levels.	- MoI - Ministry of Peshmerga
5. Provide support to feminist human rights organizations, and conduct regular consultations on policy and law reform and service provision Indicator: An increase in social awareness of the risks of sexual violence and the ability to deal with it (*) Joint declaration	Mapping the way for human rights defenders	Key Actors: -The General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers. (NGOs directorate) - MoLSA - MoC - Governorates Supporting entities: - MoF - UNAMI - international organizations - civil society organizations	2022-2024	- Number of workshops and educational tools. - Number of trainees from organizations concerned with women on how to deal with cases of sexual violence and the humane interaction with its victims.		
		Key Actors: - The General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers. (NGOs directorate) - Human Rights Commission	2021-2022	- Reports on the campaigns of female defenders. - Number of women human rights defenders and women in all governorates, especially the		

				provinces that have come under the control of terrorist organizations.		
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Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UNAMI - civil society organizations 				
	3. Ensure that women, including survivors of sexual violence, are members of decision-making centers.	Key Actors: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Governorates - Committee of Coexistence and Social Peace - The General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers/(NGOs directorate) Supporting entities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - UN agencies - international organizations - civil society organizations 	2021- 2024	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Number of women survivors of sexual violence participate in the same governmental institutions and councils in their areas - Number of women survivors of violence participate in the leadership of civil society organizations 		

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
1. Establishing preventive measures in all entities to prevent gender-based violence in conflict settings Indicator: Number of agencies that adopt legal and security policies and procedures that protect women and girls in conflict situations and the type of procedures.	1. Build capacity for relevant law enforcement agencies and educate them about national and international legal frameworks (such as international humanitarian law) to provide the greatest protection for women	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD - NSS Supporting entities: - international organizations - civil society organizations	The second half of 2021-2024	- Number of women participating in capacity building and legal awareness activities	1. Capacity building and awareness of legal frameworks such as international humanitarian law) for law enforcement agencies to provide greater protection for women, especially in camps.	- MoI - Ministry of Peshmerga - High Commission of Women's Affairs
//	2. Inclusion of women in security awareness and mine clearance programs.	Key Actors: - MoI - MoD - NSS Supporting entities: - international organizations - civil society organizations	2022-2023	Number of women participating in security awareness and mine clearance workshops	2. Inclusion of women in security awareness and mine clearance programs.	- MoI - Ministry of Peshmerga - High Commission of Women's Affairs
2. Approving financial allocations from budgets and real estate allocations to support women and girls in conflict situations. Indicator: Government decision making with allocations to women affected by conflict	1. Preparing a responsive budget for gender, it is submitted annually to unify it with the draft federal budget law (and push by the approval of Article (10) b) of the Financial Administration Law regarding obligating the ministries of planning and labor to prepare this budget within the allocations for the affected by the conflict.	Key Actors: - WED - MoP - MoLSA Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies	2022-2024	Adoption of a gender responsive budget.	3. Preparing a gender-responsive budget that is presented annually None	- MoP - MoF - High Commission of Women's Affairs

//	2. allocating 25% of loans for women survivors in coordination with the Ministry of Planning and Women's Development Fund	Key Actors: - MoF - Iraqi Central Bank - MoP Supporting entities: Development fund	2022-2024	Number of women benefiting from loans and financial support for women in conflict situations	None	
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Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
//	3. Allocation of funds for women affected by conflict.	Key Actors: - private sector Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations	2023-2024	Number of women benefiting from financial support	None	
//	4. Supporting investment projects for women and widows affected by the conflict.		2023-2024	The number of investment projects earmarked for widows and conflict-affected people.	Supporting investment projects for women, widows and those affected by conflict.	- MoF - MoP - Investment Committee - MoLSA

//	5. Granting 10% of the housing complexes constructed by the Ministry of Construction and Housing to widows in conditions of conflict.	Key Actors: - MoCH Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations	2023-2024	Number of women benefiting from housing units designated for widows because of the conflict.	None	//
//	6. Increase soft loans in the affected governorates.	Key Actors: - MoLSA - MoMD Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations	2023-2024	The number of women in the affected governorates benefiting from loans.	None	//

Prevention pillar: the third objective: increasing the resilience of women affected by conflict through livelihood opportunities and access to services in their communities.

Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
1. Provide life-saving financial and economic assistance to women and girls in conflict situations. Indicator: The quality of life of women and girls who received aid and services	1. Humanitarian needs assessment in conditions of conflict, inside and outside camps.	Key Actors: - MoP - Iraqi Central Bank Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations	2021	Issuing an assessment and analysis of the humanitarian needs of women in conditions of displacement, inside and outside the camps.	1. Assessment of humanitarian needs in conditions of conflict, inside and outside the camps.	- MoP - MoLSA - Mol
	2. Accelerating the issuance of documents for women and girls in conflict zones to ensure their access to services.	Key Actors: - Mol - governorates - NSS Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations	2021	Number of women affected by the conflict who obtained the security card.	2. Speed up the issuance of movement permits for all displaced women and girls to ensure their access to services.	- Mol - local governments
2. Facilitating the economic participation of women in areas that witnessed conflict and creating a suitable work environment for them. Indicator: Women and girls in situations of conflict are able to carry out appropriate economic activities that enable them to earn a living for themselves and their families.	1. Capacity building on small and micro enterprise management skills appropriate for women in conflict situations or survivors, and providing the necessary support	Key Actors: - MoLSA - Mol Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations	The second half of 2021-2024	Number of women who were trained in managing small projects and measuring their performance in the projects they achieved.	1. Building capacities on micro-enterprise management skills appropriate for women in conflict situations or survivors and providing the necessary support.	- MoP - Chamber of Commerce and Industry
//	2. Providing vocational training and linking them to suitable job opportunities for women in conflict areas with the public and private sectors.	Key Actors: - MoLSA - Mol Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations	The second half of 2021-2024	Number of women who have been professionally qualified to work in appropriate occupations in the public and private sectors and measuring the economic performance of women affected by the conflict.	2. Providing vocational training and linking it to suitable job opportunities for women in conflict areas with the public and private sectors.	- MoLSA - Chamber of Commerce and Industry

//	3. Inclusion of women heads of households, elderly caregivers and young girls who head families with a social protection salary.	Key Actors: - MoLSA - MoI Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations	2022	Measuring the knowledge, attitudes and behavior of women towards obtaining financial and economic assistance.	3. Inclusion of female heads of households, elderly caregivers and young girls who head families with a social protection salary, including amending social protection instructions	- MoLSA and other governmental bodies
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Outcomes	Activities	Implementing entities	Timeline	Implementation measurement indicators	Activities in Kurdistan Region	Implementing entities in Kurdistan Region
	4. Supporting the establishment of Iraqi women's empowerment centers in the governorates (Dora centers model).	Key Actors: - The General Secretariat of the Council of Ministers. - governorates - private sector - companies investing in Iraq Supporting entities: - UN agencies - international organizations		1. Number of centers that were opened. 2. Number of workshops (training). 3. Number of female trainees.	None	
					Work to allocate at least 25% of soft loans to women breadwinners, widows and survivors of the conflict in coordination with the Ministry of Labor and Social Affairs and the Ministry of Planning	- MoP - MoLSA - Office of kidnapped's affairs Yazidis affairs
3. Expanding economic empowerment and livelihood programs. Indicator: Women and families affected by conflict are showing improvement in their economic and social reality. *) Joint declaration	1. Mapping economic opportunity and ensure that survivors of violence during conflict are not stigmatized and integrated into society	Key Actors: - governorates - MoLSA - MoP - Iraqi Central Bank Supporting entities: - MoF - UN agencies - international organizations - UN population fund	2021-2024	- Number of opportunities are available - Number of vocational training workshops - Providing support to start businesses and economic projects for families and women.		